

## 過動藥緩解透析低血壓

文、攝影/卓冠伶

「陳醫師,拜託救救我兒子!」病人母親的悲切呼喚,牽動台中慈濟醫院腎臟內科主任陳一心十年不懈的努力,尋找解決雙腎切除病人長期低血壓的解決方法,發現治療過動症的藥物「阿托莫西汀(Atomoxetine)」,能成功改善病人透析低血壓的問題。研究成果經 SCI 國際專業期刊之一的美國國家腎臟基金會期刊《腎臟醫學》(Kidney Medicine)審核發表,有助於改善全臺灣九萬名及全球約三百萬名透析病人的低血壓情形。

林先生因遺傳性多囊腎病引發敗血症,只能手術切除雙側腎臟,但手術後卻常出現嚴重的低血壓。林先生自述長達七、八年的生活都在頭暈中度過,經常因血壓過低而昏倒,還曾在洗腎後騎車回家路上暈厥自撞受傷,低血壓症狀嚴重影響生活,甚至無法正常行走,只能長時間坐躺床上。每星期三次洗腎更讓他命懸一線,透析低血壓休克送急診已是司空見慣,洗腎室只能固定安排護理師守在他身旁確保安全。

林先生的母親心疼兒子年僅卅幾歲 就面臨終生洗腎命運,雙腎切除後洗腎 更像不定時炸彈。長年照顧的母親身心 俱疲,但始終抱持希望,期盼陳一心主 任能幫助兒子。事實上,陳一心主任接 手林先生的治療以來,始終沒有放棄。



台中慈濟醫院腎臟內科主任陳一心(右)持續十年為雙腎切除的林先生(左)尋求長期低血壓的解決方法,終於有效改善,也將成果發表於國際期刊,希望幫助更多類似症狀病人。



十年下來的醫病互動,讓林先生對陳一心主任充 分信任。

陳主任認為林先生的情況並不罕見卻 相當棘手,嘗試各種常規升壓治療但效 果都不理想,甚至尋求腎臟學領域專家 也沒有具體建議。

陳一心進一步安排病人做一系列功



## Kidney Medicine

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In Press, Uncorrected Proof What's this?



Case Report

## Atomoxetine for Intradialytic Hypotension in a Patient on Hemodialysis: A Case Report

Intradialytic hypotension significantly affects patient safety and clinical outcomes during hemodialysis. Despite various pharmacological and nonpharmacological interventions, effective management remains elusive. In this report, we detail a case of intradialytic hypotension in a male patient in his 40s, undergoing hemodialysis with a history of polycystic kidney disease. Eight years ago, the patient underwent bilateral nephrectomy because of a severe cystic infection, after which his systolic blood pressure (BP) persistently remained at 50-70mm Hg during dialysis sessions. The initial treatment strategy for hypotension included fludrocortisone, midodrine, and prednisolone, leading to a slight temporary increase in BP, which subsequently declined. As the patient's condition deteriorated, the administration of norepinephrine or dopamine became necessary to sustain BP during dialysis. Given the patient's resistance to these treatments, a daily dose of 25 mg of atomoxetine was introduced. Following this treatment, there was a gradual improvement in the patient's vertigo, weakness, and BP. This case illustrates that low-dose atomoxetine can alleviate symptoms and elevate BP in patients experiencing severe intradialytic hypotension during hemodialysis.

## 論文主題:

Atomoxetine for Intradialytic Hypotension in a Patient on Hemodialysis: A Case Report 刊登網址:

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能檢查,最終確定病人是因自主神經功 能異常導致低血壓,因此調整治療策 略。他研究大量醫學文獻,找到在國外 使用過動症藥物阿托莫西汀治療神經退 化性疾病的案例。臨床上,陳一心開始 讓林先生以安全劑量服用阿托莫西汀。 令人振奮的是,病人服用藥物一星期 後,透析期間的血壓不僅變得穩定,透 析後的血壓也獲得有效控制。陳一心解 釋,阿托莫西汀的作用機制是透過阻斷 正腎上腺素的再吸收,增加血液中正腎 上腺素和多巴胺濃度,帶動心跳加速和 血壓上升。

林先生持續服用藥物兩年來血壓穩定,他感謝陳一心主任十年來沒有放棄他,他期盼自己的經歷,透過陳主任的研究走向國際,能為更多受透析低血壓困擾的病人帶來新希望。